Response to Final Office Action

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## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## Listing of claims:

- 1. (Withdrawn) A composition comprising an opioid narcotic analgesic and a nontoxic VR1 antagonist.
- (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 1 wherein the narcotic analgesic is 2. selected from alfentanyl, alphaprodine, anileridine. bezitramide. codeine. dihydrocodeine. diphenoxylate, ethylmorphine, fentanyl, heroin, hydrocodone, hydromorphone, isomethadone, levomethorphan, levorphanol, meperidine, metazocine, methadone, metopon, morphine, opium, oxycodone, oxymorphone, pethidine, phenazocine, piminodine, racemethorphan, racemorphan, thebaine, their mixtures and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts and hydrates.
- 3. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 1, wherein the narcotic analysis is selected from codeine, fentanyl, hydrocodone, meperidine, morphine, oxycodone, their mixtures and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts and hydrates.
- 4. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 1, wherein the VR1 antagonist is not a vanilloid compound.
- 5. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 1, wherein the VR1 antagonist exhibits a K<sub>i</sub> value of 1 micromolar or less in a capsaicin receptor binding assay.
- 6. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 1, wherein the VR1 antagonist exhibits a K<sub>i</sub> value of 100 nanomolar or less in a capsaicin receptor binding assay.

## 7. - 24. (Cancelled)

- 25. (Withdrawn) A packaged pharmaceutical composition, comprising:
- (i) a nontoxic VR1 antagonist;
- (ii) an opioid narcotic analgesic; and

Application No.: 10/718,034 3 Docket No.: 60004 (72021)

Response to Final Office Action Filed with RCE

Filed March 23, 2009

(iii) instructions indicating that the VR1 antagonist and opioid narcotic analgesic are to be administered to a patient for the treatment of pain.

- 26. (Withdrawn) The packaged pharmaceutical composition of claim 25, wherein the VR1 antagonist and narcotic analgesic are present in the same composition.
- 27. (Withdrawn) The packaged pharmaceutical composition of claim 25, wherein the VR1 antagonist and narcotic analgesic are present in different containers.
- 28. (Withdrawn) The packaged pharmaceutical composition of claim 25, wherein the VR1 antagonist and narcotic analgesic are formulated for oral administration.
- 29. (Withdrawn) The packaged pharmaceutical composition of claim 25, wherein the VR1 antagonist is not a vanilloid compound.
- 30. (Withdrawn) The packaged pharmaceutical composition of claim 25, wherein the VR1 antagonist exhibits a  $K_i$  of 1 micromolar or less in a capsaicin receptor binding assay.
- 31. (Withdrawn) The packaged pharmaceutical composition of claim 25, wherein the VR1 antagonist exhibits a  $K_i$  of 100 nanomolar or less in a capsaicin receptor binding assay.
- 32. (Withdrawn) The packaged pharmaceutical composition of claim 25, wherein the VR1 antagonist is present in a tolerance-reducing amount.
- 33. (Withdrawn) The packaged pharmaceutical composition of claim 25, wherein the VR1 antagonist is present in a dependence-reducing amount.
- 34. (Withdrawn) The packaged pharmaceutical composition of claim 25, wherein the VR1 antagonist is present in a pain relief-enhancing amount.
- 35. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 26 wherein the narcotic analgesic is selected from alfentanyl, alphaprodine, anileridine, bezitramide, codeine,

Application No.: 10/718,034 4 Docket No.: 60004 (72021)

Response to Final Office Action

Filed with RCE

Filed March 23, 2009

dihydrocodeine, diphenoxylate, ethylmor6hine, fentanyl, heroin, hydrocodone, hydromorphone, isomethadone, levomethorphan, levorphanol, meperidine, metazocine, methadone, metopon, morphine, opium, oxycodone, oxymorphone, pethidine, phenazocine, piminodine, racemethorphan, racemorphan, thebaine, their mixtures and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts and hydrates.

- 36. (Withdrawn) The packaged pharmaceutical composition of claim 35, wherein the narcotic analgesic is selected from codeine, fentanyl, hydrocodone, meperidine, morphine, oxycodone, their mixtures and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts and hydrates.
- 37. (Withdrawn) The packaged pharmaceutical composition of claim 25 in sustained release dosage form.
- 38. (Withdrawn) A method of treating pain in a patient, comprising administering to a patient, simultaneously or sequentially in either order;
  - (i) an opioid narcotic analgesic; and
- (ii) a nontoxic VR1 antagonist;and thereby providing pain relief to the patient.
- 39. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 38, wherein the narcotic analgesic is codeine, selected alfentanyl, alphaprodine, anileridine, bezitramide, dihydrocodeine, diphenoxylate, ethylmorphine, fentanyl, hydrocodone, heroin, hydromorphone, isomethadone, levomethorphan, levorphanol, metazocine, methadone, metopon, meperidine, morphine, opium, oxycodone, oxymorphone, pethidine, phenazocine, piminodine, racemethorphan, racemorphan, thebaine, their mixtures and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts and hydrates.
- 40. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 38, wherein the VR1 antagonist is not a vanilloid compound.
- 41. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 38, wherein the VR1 antagonist exhibits a  $K_i$  value of 1 micromolar or less in a capsaicin receptor binding assay

Application No.: 10/718,034 5 Docket No.: 60004 (72021)

Response to Final Office Action Filed with RCE

Filed March 23, 2009

42. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 38, wherein the VR1 antagonist exhibits a  $K_i$  value of 100 nanomolar or less in a capsaicin receptor binding assay.

- 43. (Currently amended) A method for inhibiting the development of tolerance to a an opioid narcotic analgesic in a patient, comprising continuously or repeatedly administering to a patient, simultaneously or sequentially in either order;
  - (i) an opioid narcotic analgesic; and
- (ii) a tolerance-reducing amount of a nontoxic VR1 antagonist; and thereby inhibiting the development of tolerance to the opioid narcotic analgesic.
- 44. (Previously presented) The method of claim 43, wherein the opioid narcotic analgesic is selected from alfentanyl, alphaprodine, anileridine, bezitramide, codeine, dihydrocodeine, diphenoxylate, ethylmorphine, fentanyl, heroin, hydrocodone, hydromorphone, isomethadone, levomethorphan, levorphanol, meperidine, metazocine, methadone, metopon, morphine, opium, oxycodone, oxymorphone, pethidine, phenazocine, piminodine, racemethorphan, racemorphan, thebaine, their mixtures and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts and hydrates.
- 45. (Original) The method of claim 43, wherein the VR1 antagonist is not a vanilloid compound.
- 46. (Previously presented) The method of claim 43, wherein the VR1 antagonist exhibits a  $K_i$  value of 1 micromolar or less in a capsaicin receptor binding assay.
- 47. (Original) The method of claim 43, wherein the VR1 antagonist exhibits a K<sub>i</sub> value of 100 nanomolar or less in a capsaicin receptor binding assay.
- 48. (Currently amended) A method for inhibiting the development of dependence on an opioid narcotic analgesic in a patient, comprising <u>continuously or repeatedly</u> administering to a patient, simultaneously or sequentially in either order;
  - (i) an opioid narcotic analgesic; and
- (ii) a dependence-reducing amount of a nontoxic VR1 antagonist; and thereby inhibiting the development of dependence on the opioid narcotic analgesic.

Application No.: 10/718,034 6 Docket No.: 60004 (72021)

Response to Final Office Action Filed with RCE

Filed March 23, 2009

49. (Previously presented) The method of claim 48, wherein the opioid narcotic analgesic is selected from alfentanyl, alphaprodine, anileridine, bezitramide, codeine, dihydrocodeine, diphenoxylate, ethylmorphine, fentanyl, heroin, hydrocodone, hydromorphone, isomethadone, levomethorphan, levorphanol, meperidine, metazocine, methadone, metopon, morphine, opium, oxycodone, oxymorphone, pethidine, phenazocine, piminodine, racemethorphan, racemorphan, thebaine, their mixtures and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts and hydrates.

- 50. (Original) The method of claim 48, wherein the VR1 antagonist is not a vanilloid compound.
- 51. (Original) The method of claim 48, wherein the VR1 antagonist exhibits a K<sub>i</sub> value of 1 micromolar or less in a capsaicin receptor binding assay.
- 52. (Original) The method of claim 48, wherein the VR1 antagonist exhibits a K<sub>i</sub> value of 100 nanomolar or less in a capsaicin receptor binding assay.
- 53. (Withdrawn) A method for enhancing narcotic analgesic-induced pain relief in a patient, comprising administering to a patient, simultaneously or sequentially in either order;
  - (i) an opioid narcotic analgesic; and
- (ii) a pain-relief enhancing amount of a nontoxic VR1 antagonist; and thereby enhancing narcotic analgesic-induced pain relief in the patient.
- 54. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 53, wherein the opioid narcotic analgesic is selected from alfentanyl, alphaprodine, anileridine, bezitramide, codeine, dihydrocodeine, diphenoxylate, ethylmorphine, fentanyl, heroin, hydrocodone, hydromorphone, isomethadone, levomethorphan, levorphanol, meperidine, metazocine, methadone, metopon, morphine, opium, oxycodone, oxymorphone, pethidine, phenazocine, piminodine, racemethorphan, racemorphan, thebaine, their mixtures and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts and hydrates.
- 55. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 53, wherein the VR1 antagonist is not a vanilloid compound.

Application No.: 10/718,034 7 Docket No.: 60004 (72021)
Response to Final Office Action

Filed with RCE

Filed March 23, 2009

56. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 53, wherein the VR1 antagonist exhibits a K<sub>i</sub> value of 1 micromolar or less in a capsaicin receptor binding assay.

- 57. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 53, wherein the VR1 antagonist exhibits a K<sub>i</sub> value of 100 nanomolar or less in a capsaicin receptor binding assay.
  - 58. (Cancelled)
- 59. (Withdrawn) A single dose pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of a patient experiencing pain comprising a combination of a VR1 antagonist and at least one analgesic selected from the group consisting of less than about 25 mg of anileridine, less than about 25 mg of codeine, less than about 40 mg of dextroproposyphene, less than about 25 mg of dihydrocodeine, less than about 4 mg of diphenoxylate, less than about 20µg of fenantyl, less than about 2 mg of hydrocodone, less than about 1.5 mg of hydromorphone, less than about 0.8 mg of levorphanol, less than about 20 mg of meperidine, less than abut 4 mg of methadone, less than about 7.5 mg of morphine, less than about 2 mg of oxycodon, less than about 0.8 mg of oxymorphone, less than about 40 mg of pethidine.
- 60. (Previously presented) The method of claim 43, wherein the VR1 antagonist is non-peptide.
- 61. (Previously presented) The method of claim 48, wherein the VR1 antagonist is non-peptide.
- 62. (Previously presented) The method of claim 43, wherein the VR1 antagonist is multi-aryl.
- 63. (Previously presented) The method of claim 48, wherein the VR1 antagonist is multi-aryl.
- 64. (New) The method of claim 43, wherein the opioid narcotic analgesic is administered at less than <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of the maximum dose advised by the manufacturer of the narcotic analgesic.

Application No.: 10/718,034 8 Docket No.: 60004 (72021)
Response to Final Office Action

Filed with RCE

Filed March 23, 2009

65. (New) The method of claim 43, wherein the opioid narcotic analysesic is administered at less than ½ of the maximum dose advised by the manufacturer of the narcotic analysesic.

- 66. (New) The method of claim 43, wherein the opioid narcotic analgesic is administered at less than ¼ of the maximum dose advised by the manufacturer of the narcotic analgesic.
- 67. (New) The method of claim 43, wherein the opioid narcotic analysesic is administered at less than 10% of the maximum dose advised by the manufacturer of the narcotic analysesic.
- 68. (New) The method of claim 48, wherein the opioid narcotic analgesic is administered at less than <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of the maximum dose advised by the manufacturer of the narcotic analgesic.
- 69. (New) The method of claim 48, wherein the opioid narcotic analgesic is administered at less than ½ of the maximum dose advised by the manufacturer of the narcotic analgesic.
- 70. (New) The method of claim 48, wherein the opioid narcotic analgesic is administered at less than 1/4 of the maximum dose advised by the manufacturer of the narcotic analgesic.
- 71. (New) The method of claim 48, wherein the opioid narcotic analgesic is administered at less than 10% of the maximum dose advised by the manufacturer of the narcotic analgesic.